

Research, Promotion and Development Of Electro  
Homoeopathic (Count Matie)  
Vegetable Kingdom Medicine  
All Over India

Indian Electro Homoeopathic Medicine Board  
Nagpur, Maharashtra (India)

# SYLLABUS



- D.E.M.S. Two Years
- B.E.M.S. Five Years
- M.D.E.H. Two Years

Sector-B, Hasanbag Nagpur (M.S.) India  
[www.iehda.org](http://www.iehda.org)

# **ELECTRO HOMOEOPATHY**

The Electro Homoeopathy is a quite, harmless, natural and Scientific system, Medicine, Dr. Count Ceaser Mattei of Rochetta, Bologna; Italy has invented it in about 1855. This system of Medicine is based on the principles of "The Human Organization is entirely Composed of two elementary liquids Lymph & Blood and the health and diseases are depend on the such liquids."

The Electricity has been observed in all the living beings including plants. It is proved that no cell, no organ and/or a body could possibility manifest its legitimate function without electrical energy. It is fundamental and basic principle of the Science that the manufacture, transmission, utilization and discharge of Electrical energy of living cells is responsible for metabolism of the body and also give us a rational explanation for all the phenomena of life, health, diseases and therapeutics. The Electro Homoeopathic medicine generate and regenerate greater power restoring functional capacity and arresting organic changes than all the drugs mentioned in other pharmacopoeia.

The Electro Homoeopathic remedies are prepared by the vegetables on a specific process called 'SPAGIRIC WAY' which was introduced by Dr. Theophrastus Von Hoheneim (Paracelsus) and Dr. Von Helmont. These remedies have maximum curative capacity and the capacity to regulate the lymph and blood and also to keep them purified.

Life and health are in the blood and lymph; that disease in the vitiation of the blood and lymph or of both together.

Dr. C.C. Mattei

## **Indian Electro Homoeopathic Medicine Board**

**Nagpur, Maharastra**

Registered by Govt. of Maharastra State Act XXI of 1860

Indian Electro Homoeopathic Medicine Board, Nagpur, Maharashtra governed by Indian Electro Homoeopathic Doctor's Association, Nagpur Maharashtra has been founded with the aim to propogate and popularise the Electro Homoeopathic Medical Science.

Aims and objectives of the Institution –

1. To provide Electro Homoeopathic Medical Service to the Community with special emphasis in rural and hill areas.
2. To popularise its methods in the masses.
3. To train the qualified medical personnel in use of E.H.M. Science for treatment of complicated and chronic diseases along with available treatments.



4. To save mankind from the abuse of toxic medicines and their reversible side effects.
5. To provide research facilities, to evaluate its utility and limitations.
6. To obtain information, co-operation in the field of E.H.M. research and treatment at large for the benefit of humanity.
7. The Board of Electro Homoeopathic (Maharashtra State) is an autonomous educational Institute imparting knowledge of Electro Homoeo Medical Science & Technology.

The following courses and examinations are conducted by the Board, and the following Diploma and Degree are awarded to its students, as a token of their knowledge, experience and capability in Electro Homoeopathic Medical Science and Technique and Technology.

S.N.	Name of Degree/ Diploma	Duration	Minimum Qualification for Admission
1.	D.E.M.S. (Diploma) (Diploma in Electro Homoeopathic Medicine and Surgery)	Two Years	Matriculation or equivalent

**Examination -**

Generally Examination will be held in the month of April/ May. Date of commencement of examination & scheme will be decided by Examination of Committee.

**Medium -**

All questions will be in English, Hindi, Marathi and answer of the same can be given in Hindi or English or Marathi.

**Paper -**

5 Questions should be solved in each question paper. All questions carry equal marks. The Examination in all subjects of D.E.M.S. shall consist of one theory paper of 3 hours duration carrying 100 marks & practical/ viva exam, carrying 100 marks.

The examination in Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology, Practice of Medicine, Obstetric & Gynaecology, Ophthalmology, (Subjects as Prescribed in D.E.M.S. (E.H.) Course shall consist of two theory papers of 3 hours carrying 100 marks each.

The examinations in Pharmacy, Philosophy, Hygiene & Health, Jurisp. & Toxicology, Materia Medica, Surgery (Prescribed in D.E.M.S. (E.H.) Course shall consist of One theory paper, carrying 100 marks. Practical cum viva examination in all subject of D.E.M.S. (E.H.) carrying 100 marks.

Subject - The following subjects are prescribed in D.E.M.S. Diploma Course -

## D.E.M.S.

<u>Ist Year</u>	<u>Final Year</u>
1. Anatomy	1. Pathology
2. Physiology	2. Medical Jurisprudence
3. Materia Medica	3. Obstetric & Gynaecology
4. Pharmacy & Philosophy	4. Ophthalmology
5. Preventive & Social Medicine	5. Practice of Medicine

### D.E.M.S. Ist year

#### ANATOMY

**Bones** - General study of skull & different views. Vertebral column and a typical vertebrae, scapula, Clavicle, Humerus, Radius, Ulna, Sternum & a typical rib, Hip, Bone, Femur & Tibia, Fibula.

**Muscles** - Muscles of neck, Deltoid, Biceps, Pectoralis Major & minor, Abdominal muscles, Muscles of Gluteal region, various group of muscles of thigh & legs.

**Joints** - General study of Joints, Types & functions.

**General** - Axilla, Cubital fossa, Femoral triangle, Popliteal fossa.

**Thorax** - Heart, Main Branches of Aorta, Lungs, Trachea.

**Abdomen** - Introductory study of all the viscera.

**Brain (CNS)** - Different Parts, their names & positions of Brain & Spinal Cord.

Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks consisting of identification of skull, upper & lower extremity Bone.

The examination of Anatomy shall consist of one theory Paper, time allowed 3 hours, carrying 100 marks.

#### PHYSIOLOGY

Study of Cell, various tissues, Blood, Lymph (Composition & Functions).

**Muscles** - Physiology of Muscles including skeletal, Plain & Cardiac.

(i) Diet & Vitamins.

(ii) Digestion - Its elementary knowledge.

(iii) Respiratory System - Mechanism of Respiration, General exchange, tissue respiration.

(iv) Circulatory System - Function of heart, cardiac cycle, Blood Pressure, Pulse.

(v) Excretory System - Structure & Function of Kidney, Composition of Urine, Abnormal ingredients of Urine & their detection.

(vi) Reproductive System - Structure & functions of ovary & testes.



- (vii) Endocrine glands - Thyroid, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pituitary, pancreas, their elementary knowledge.
- (viii) Central Nervous System - Structure & function of Neurons. Cerebral Cortex Cerebellum, Medulla & Spinal Cord, Cerebrospinal fluid.
- (ix) Special Senses - Skin, Eye, Ear, Tongue, olfaction (Smell).

Practical cum viva Examination of 100 marks consisting use of common Physiological instruments & appliances, Hb. meter & Sphygmomanometer. Preparation & staining of blood films, Total & Differential count of blood cells.

The examination of Physiology shall consist of one theory paper of 3 hours duration carrying 100 marks.

### **MATERIA MEDICA**

Materia Medica - Its Definition & importance, Action, Indication, contra indication, Medicinal Properties & function of -

S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub>, S<sub>3</sub>, S<sub>5</sub>, S<sub>6</sub>, S<sub>10</sub>, S<sub>11</sub>, S<sub>12</sub>; S<sub>lass</sub>, P<sub>1</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>, P<sub>3</sub>, P<sub>4</sub>, P<sub>5</sub>, P<sub>6</sub>, P<sub>7</sub>, P<sub>8</sub>, P<sub>9</sub>, A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>, F<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub>, L<sub>1</sub>, L<sub>2</sub>, Ver<sub>1</sub>, Ver<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>, C<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>14</sub>, C<sub>15</sub>, C<sub>16</sub>, C<sub>17</sub>, Ven<sub>1</sub>, Ven<sub>2</sub>, Ven<sub>3</sub>, Ven<sub>4</sub>, Ven<sub>5</sub>, R.E., B.E., G.E., Y.E., W.E., A.P.P.

### **PHARMACY & PHILOSOPHY**

Definition of Pharmacy and its branches, Sources of drugs, Collection vegetable substances, Apparatus & Equipments, their cleaning, Vehicle (Water, Olive Oil, Glyceriène, etc.), Abbreviation used in prescription writing.

Count Ceasre Mattei, Life History & deeds, invention of Electro Homoeopathy, Difference between Electro Homoeopathy & Homoeopathy, Dosology, Positive & Negative, Principle of Electro Homoeopathy, Superiority of Electro Homoeopathy.

Viva Exam of 100 marks consisting 50 marks for Pharmacy & 50 for Philosophy. Identification & uses of utensils, Appliances & cleaning estimation of globules, Distilled water making of doses. Preparation of dilutions and prescription writing.

### **PREVENTIVE & SOCIAL MEDICINE**

1. Personal Hygiene - School Hygiene, cleanliness, clothing and exercise.
2. Food & Diet - Diseases due to over & under feeding, Milk & its relation to infections.
3. Air composition & character of atmospheric & exhaled air, physical & chemical changes in air due to human occupation.
4. Soil - The common soils of India. Their relation to health & purification.
5. Water- Sources, collection & storage, uses, impurities & purification.

6. Communicable Diseases & their Prophylaxis - Cholera, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Kalazar, Elephantiasis, Tetanus, Measles, Small Pox.
7. Conservancy - Method in villages, Jails, Town & Cities, Septic Tanks, Disposal of sewage.

### D.E.M.S. (Final Year)

#### PATHOLOGY

1. **General Pathology -**
  - (i) Introduction, Definition, various laboratory technics & microscopy.
  - (ii) Health & Disease- Definition, Aetiology of diseases.
  - (iii) Inflammation- It's concept, various phase & clinical manifestations, suppuration.
  - (iv) Disturbance of circulation - Hyperaemia, Thrombosis & Embolism -Oedema.
  - (v) Regenerative tissue changes- Hypertrophy, Hyperphasia, Healing
  - (vi) Degenerative tissue changes- Atrophy: cloudy swelling, Degenerations, Necrosis, Gangrene.
  - (vii) Proliferative tissue changes - Tumours, it's aetiology, classification.  
Benign – (a) Fibroma, Myoma, Lypoma, Ostaeoma, Chondroma.  
(b) Malignant Carcinoma, Sarcoma, Lymphoma.
2. **Special Pathology -**
  - (i) Diseases of Blood - Anaemia, Leukemia.
  - (ii) Diseases of Circulatory System - Pericarditis, Rheumatic heart diseases, Bacterial Endocarditis, Arteries, sclerosis, Aneurism.
  - (iii) Meningitis.
  - (iv) Diseases of Respiratory System.
  - (v) Diseases of Kidney.
  - (vi) Diseases of G.I.T. - Peptic ulcer, ulcerative Colitis.
  - (vii) Diseases of Liver-Jaundice, Viral Hepatitis & Cirrhosis.
3. **Bacteriology -**  
Morphology, growth & Pathogenecity of following bacteria– Stephalococcus, Surgyptoccus, Pneumococcus, Gonococcus, Coryne bacterum diptheri, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Clostridium Tetani, Salmonella Typhi T. Pallidum, Shiljella dysentrie, Vibrio Cholerae.
4. **Parasitology -**  
Plasmdodium Vivax, Ascaris lumbricoideus, Ankylostomado-denale, Taenia Solium, Oxyuris vermiculasis, Wancherlaria Banchoft.



Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks consisting of -

- A. Demonstrations of microscopic specimens of Pathogenic organism.
- B. Demonstrations of technique of Collection & Preparation & examination of morbid materials such as blood, Urine, Sputum & Exudates demonstrations to run concurrently.

### **MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE & TOXICOLOGY**

1. Death - Chief forms of unnatural death, Accident, Suicide, Homicide, Rigor Mortis, Putrification, Mummification.
2. Identification of living & Dead - Age in its medico legal. The teeth ossification.
3. Wounds & mechanically injuries- Definition & varieties, causes of death from wounds.
4. Death from Asphyxias - Hanging; Strangulation, Suffocation.
5. Death from Burns, Scalds, Heat & cold.
6. Signs of Virginity - Rape
7. Signs of Pregnancy - Quickening Period of human gestation
8. Demonstration - Weapon
9. Poisons, diagnosis of cases of common poisoning, post-mortem appearances in cases of poisoning.
10. Study of poisons - Mineral Acid, Sublimate, Arsenic and Alkaloids.

### **OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY**

1. Ovulation & Menstruation.
2. Normal Pregnancy including changes in three trimesters.
3. Toxaemia of Pregnancy - Hyperemesis Gravidarum, Pre eclampsia & eclampsia.
4. Antepartum haemorrhage, Abortion, Ectopic gestation, Placenta Praevia Accidental haemorrhage.
5. Hydramnios.
6. Normal Labour
7. Normal Physiology of New born.
8. Family Planning - It's importance & different methods.
9. Anatomy of female genital organs.
10. Menstrual disorders - Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Menorrhagia.
11. Leucorrhoea.
12. Sexually transmitted diseases.
13. Sterility.
14. Minor procedures of M.T.P., D. & C.

## OPHTHALMOLOGY

Anatomy of the eye ball including Lachrymal apparatus, Structure of lide, Conjunctiva, Cornea.

Elementary Physiological Optics -

General Optical Principles, Dioptric System of the eye

Refraction of the eye

(i) Hypermetropia      (ii) Myopia      (iii) Astigmatism.

Refractive Errors & their Correction -

External examination of the eye, function of the eye.

Conjunctivities - It's classification, Simple acute, Purulent, Gonorrhoeal & it's Complications; Ophthalmia.

**Pterygium** : Diseases of the Cornea, Inflammation Keratitis, An ulceration of Cornea, their fate complications & management, Opacities of the Cornea.

Injuries to the eye - Panophthalmitis & Sympathetic, Ophthalmia.

**Diseases of the lide** : Blepharitis & it's Complications, Hordeclum, Chalzion.

Diseases of the Lachrymal apparatus, Dacryo cystitis & it's complication.

## OTOLARYNGOLOGY

(Ear, Nose Throat)

Otorrhea, Mastoiditis, Acute 7 Chronic Pharyngitis, Adenoids, Tonsilities, Oedme of Larynx, Rhinitis, Chronic Sinusitis, Epistaxis.

## PRACTICE OF MEDICINE

**General & Main Symptoms, Aetiology, Prevention & Treatment of Common & General Disease -**

Constipation, cold, Cattarah, Coryza, Headache, Simple fever, Remittent fever- Intermittent fever, Anorexis, Debility, Acidity, Hiccough, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Dysentry Colic, Stomatitis, Enlarged liver, Enlarged Spleen, Jaundice, Simple Cough, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Gingivitis, Conjunctivitis, Epistaxis, Otitis or Earache Otorrhoes, Ringworm, Itching, Eruptions of Pruritus, Urticaria, Bubo, Abcess of Boile, Whitlow, Gildness, Nervousness, Stammering, Nocturnal Emission, Masturbation, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Gonorrhoea, Irregular menstruation, Labour Pain, Neonatal Asphyxia, Infantile, Convulsion Dentition, Small Pox, Cholera, Fainting, Sunstroke, Cold bite, Cut, Injury, Burn, Drowning, Alcoholism.